



Presented to:

Second DOE/UN International Conference and Workshop on Hybrid Power Systems, 2002

Charlotte, North Carolina 16 April 2002

Tubular SOFC Hybrids:



Present and Prospect

Stephen E. Veyo, Manager Innovation Programs Stationary Fuel Cells Siemens Westinghouse Power Corporation 1310 Beulah Road Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15235

SPG SFC



Air Electrode Supported Tubular SOFC

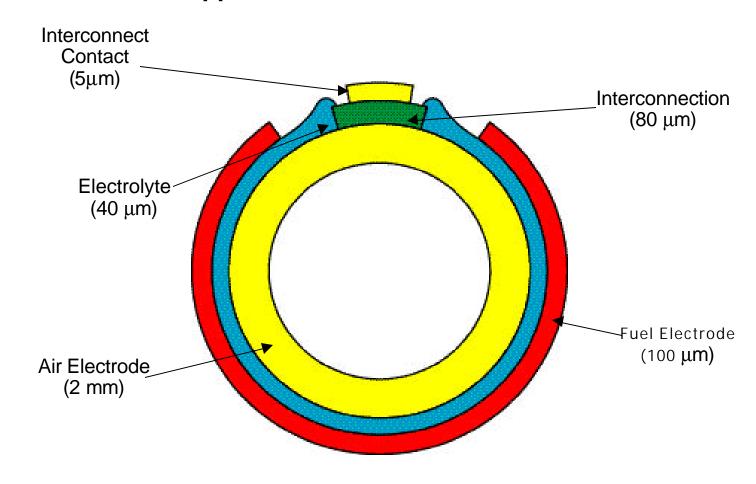
Dimensions

- >> D = 22 mm
- > L = 1500 mm
- > A = 834 cmsq
- > m = 1 kg
- Watts @ 1 atm
 - >> In Stack = 110
 - > Peak = 210

Endurance

- >> 44,000 hrs
- >> j=307
- >> FU=85%
- >> T=1000°C
- > degradation
- >> <0.1%/k-hrs

Stationary -Fuel Cells April, 2002



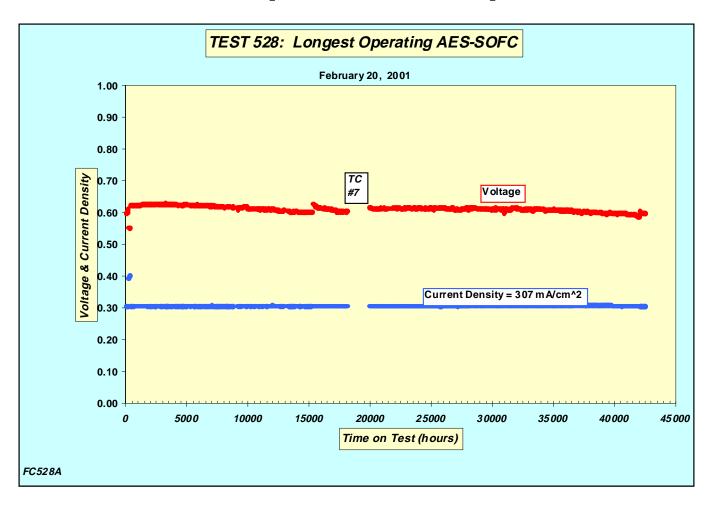
©Siemens Westinghouse Power Corporation 2002 All Rights Reserved

SPG SFC

Stephen. veyo@siemens.com



AES-SOFC Performance [T = 1000°C, FU = 0.85]





3



Tubular SOFC Bundle (24 cells)





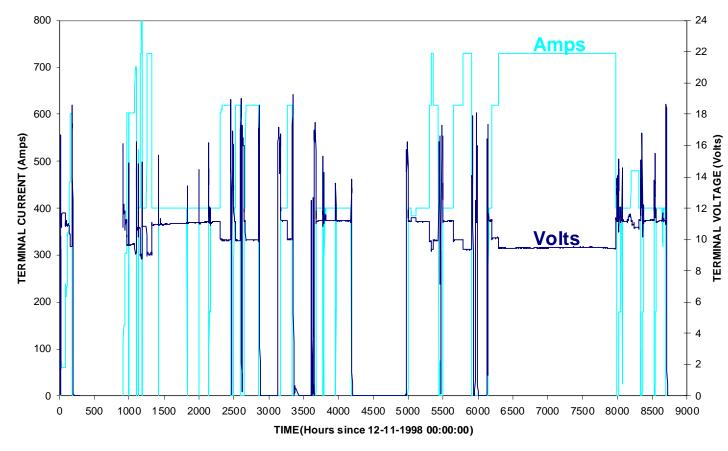


- Two Bundles
- Natural Gas
- In-stackreforming
- Ejector
- 3 atm mostly
- to 7 atm max
- 6000 hoursat power
- 8 Thermal cycles

Stationary -Fuel Cells April, 2002

Pressurized Bundle Test

PBT1.1 PERFORMANCE



©Siemens Westinghouse Power Corporation 2002 All Rights Reserved

5



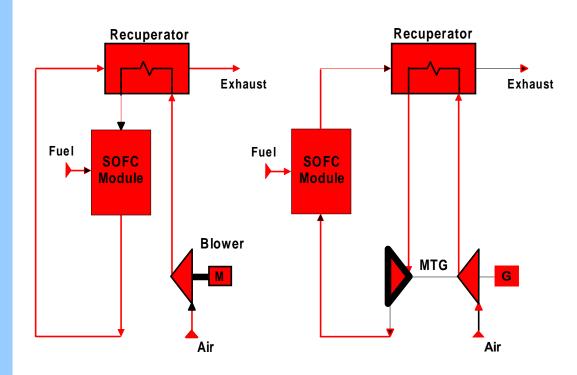
100 kWe SOFC Stack (48 bundles, 1152 cells)

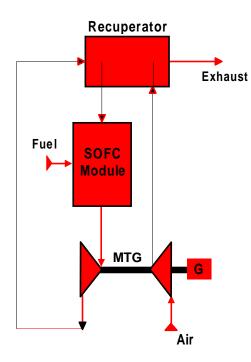
- POWER
- > 130 kWe dc @ 1 atma
- > 180 kWe dc @ 3.8 atma





Simple Cycle Types





Atmospheric Pressure

Atmospheric-Pressure Hybrid

 $\eta \rightarrow 55\%$

 $\eta \rightarrow 60\%$

Pressurized Hybrid

 $n \rightarrow 50\%$

©Siemens Westinghouse Power Corporation 2002 All Rights Reserved

Use this document solely for the purpose given. Return upon request. Do not disclose, reproduce or use otherwise without written consent of Siemens Westinghouse Power Corporation.

SPG SFC

7

Stationary -Fuel Cells



Natural gas

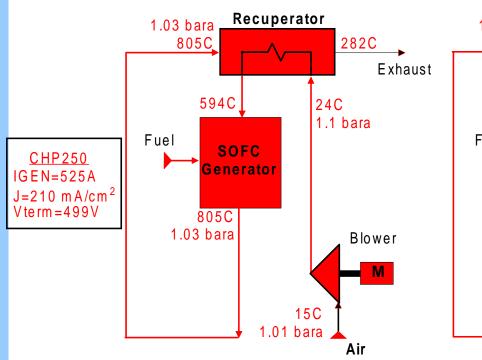
- Grid connected110 kWe net
- Efficiency46% net ac
- District Heating
- Netherlands16,610 hrs
- Germany3,870 hrs
- Degradation none

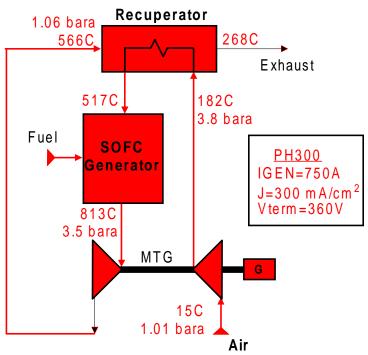
CHP100 at RWE Installation





Typical Expected Conditions in the Cycle





Atmospheric Pressure (CHP100, CHP250)

Pressurized Hybrid (PH200, PH300, PH550)





PH200 Proof-of-Concept System

- Built for Southern California Edison (SCE).
- Other participants:
 - US DOE
 - EPRI
 - California Energy Commission
 - South Coast Air Quality District
 - University of California at Irvine [UCI].
- IRES PowerWorks 75 MTG
- Located at and operated by UCI NFCRC
- SCE owns all project data; data are included in this presentation with SCE permission.





Power Module

- > PSOFC
- > MTG
- > Fuel Supply
- > Steam Supply
- > Electricals
- Off Skid
 - > NG Compressor
 - > Desulfurizer
 - > Dissipator
- Dimensions
 - > L = 7.2 m
 - > W = 3.8 m
 - > H = 3.7 m
- AES SOFCs
 - **> 1152**

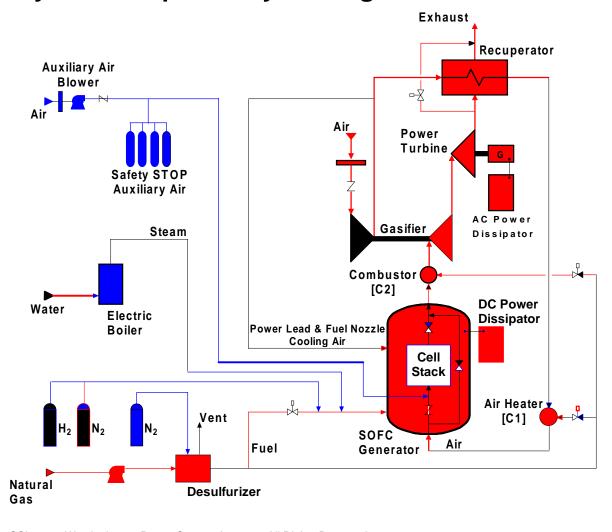
Stationary -Fuel Cells April, 2002

PH200 Proof-of-Concept System





PH200 System Simplified Cycle Diagram







FAT

>>ok

• SAT1

➤ Stack Error

➤ Power Lead

• SAT2

> Failed Cell

SAT3

>MTG

>Problem

SAT4

>?

FUTURE

>?\$\$\$?

PH200 System Operational Summary

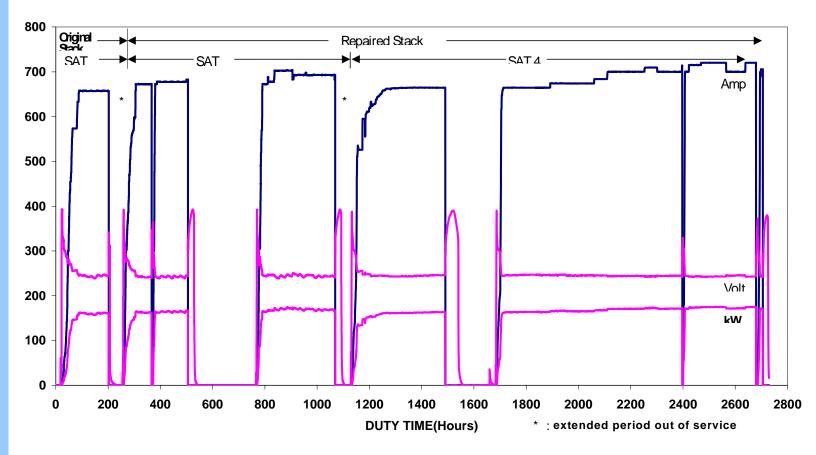
Period of Operation	Date	Operating Hours [RUN]	SOFC DC Power Generated MWh	Total System AC Power* Generated MWh
FAT	25-Mar-2000 to 05-Apr-2000	110	16.1	17.4
SAT-1	03-Jun-2000 to 11-Jun-2000	154	23.8	25.5
SAT-2	08-Jan-2001 to 12-Feb-2001	514	84.1	88.2
SAT-3	08-Nov- 2001	0	0	0
SAT-4	31_Jan_2002 to 7_Apr_2002	1322	292.2	303.5

^{*}Total system AC power [kW] = 0.94 * SOFC DC Power [kW] + MTG AC Power [kW] - 2.0 kW

Note: PH200 project data are owned by the Southern California Edison Company and are presented in this report with SCE permission.



PH200 Operating History

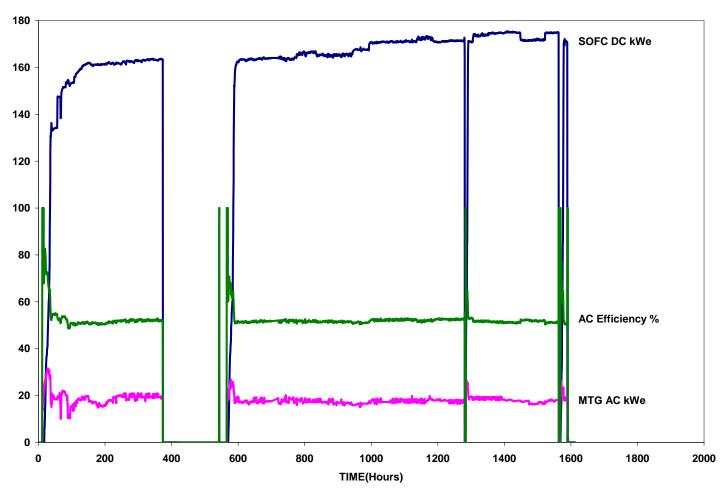


Note: PH200 project data are owned by the Southern California Edison Company and are presented in this report with SCE permission.





PH200 SAT-4 Operating History



Note: PH200 project data are owned by the Southern California Edison Company and are presented in this report with SCE permission.

©Siemens Westinghouse Power Corporation 2002 All Rights Reserved

SPG SFC 15

Stationary -Fuel Cells April, 2002



PH200 Proof-of-Concept Demonstration Accomplishments

- Un-manned operation
- World's first hybrid system
- Natural gas fueled
- In-stack reformation
- No external process water supply for SOFC generator operation
- Successful factory test
- Successful site start-up
- 182 kWe (ac basis)
- 53% electrical generation efficiency (ac basis)
- World's highest capacity SOFC power system
- 2000 hours of system operation



PH300 Systems

- Contract was signed with RWE (as the leader of a European Consortium) in March 2000.
- PH300 system will be installed at the RWE Fuel Cell Pavilion in Essen, Germany; startup planned for mid-2002.
- Contract signed with Edison S.p.A (Italy) in July 2000.
- PH300 system will be installed in the Sinetta Marengo, Province of Alessandria in the Piedmont region, startup planned for early 2003.
- European MTG manufacturer [nominally 100 kWe]

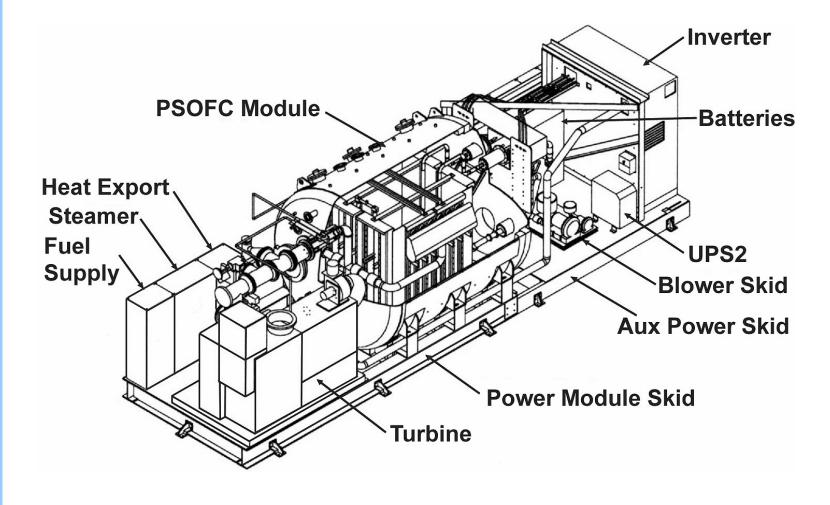


- Power Island
 - **≻Power Module**
 - >Auxiliary Skid
- Power Module
 - **>PSOFC**
 - >MTG
 - > Heat Export
 - **>Fuel Supply**
 - **≻Steam Supply**
- Auxiliary Skid
 - **≻PCS**
 - **≻Electricals**
 - **>UPS**
- Dimensions
 - >L = 12.8 m
 - >W = 3.6 m
 - >H = 3.7 m
- AES SOFCs
 - **≻1704**
- Off Skid
 - **≻NG** Compressor
 - **≻**Desulfurizer

Stationary -Fuel Cells

April, 2002

PH300 System Power Island



©Siemens Westinghouse Power Corporation 2002 All Rights Reserved



PH300 SOFC Stack





Stationary -Fuel Cells



PH300 Pressure Vessel



Stationary -Fuel Cells April, 2002 ©Siemens Westinghouse Power Corporation 2002 All Rights Reserved



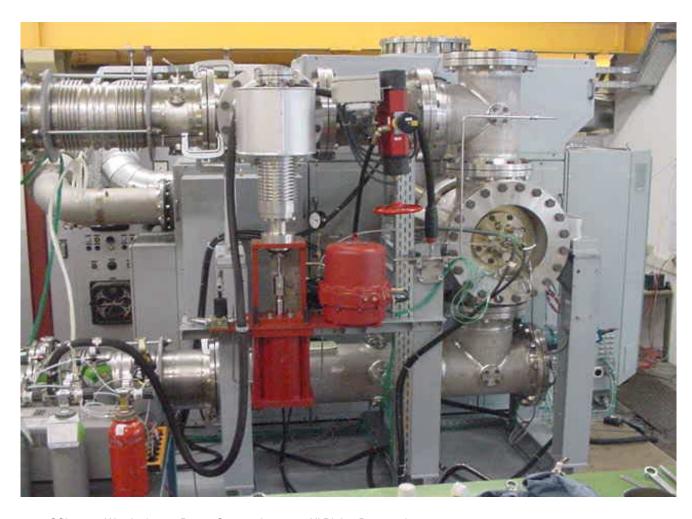
PH300 – MTG with Mini Pressure Vessel at FAT





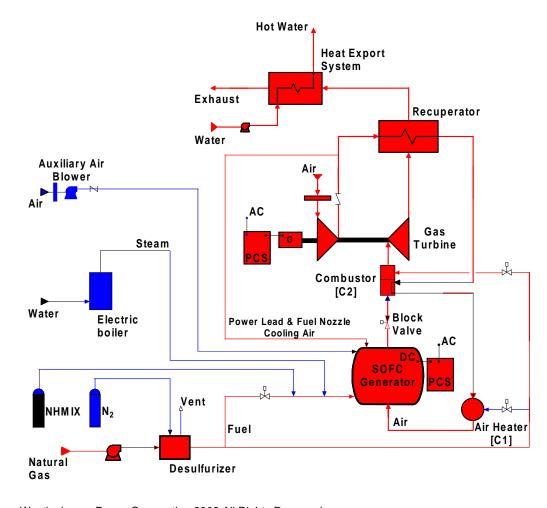


PH300 - MTG at Factory Acceptance Test





PH300 System Simplified Cycle Diagram







@ Max Power

- > 302 kWe ac net
- ➤ 55% efficiency

SOFC

- > 750 Amps
- > 360 Volts

MTG

- > PR=3.8
- > air = .649 kg/s
- > 57 kWe net

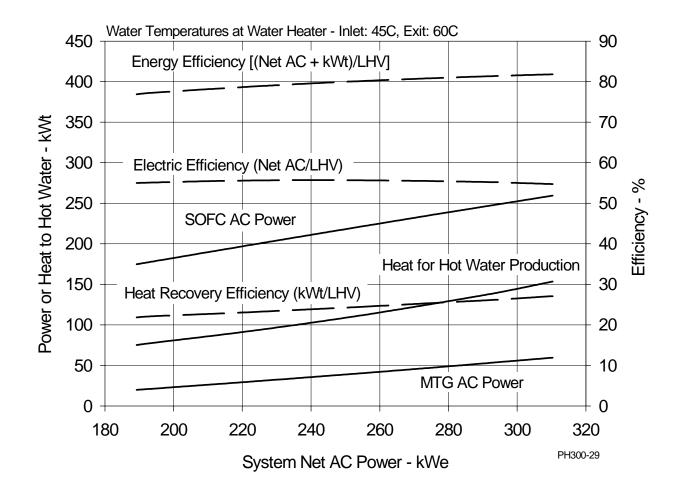
Hot Water

- > Tout = 65°C
- > 146 kWt

Fuel Eff

> 81.6%

PH300 Estimated Performance vs Power







PH550 System Planned

- MWe-class PSOFC/MTG system demonstration projects have been suspended - Power module size and weight presents formidable shipping problems and a suitable MTG is not available.
- Planned commercial PSOFC/MTG hybrid will be PH550.
- PH300 demonstrations are Proof-of-Concept experiments.
- PH550 product definition studies have been initiated.
- PH550 system prototype demonstration anticipated in late 2004 or early 2005, BUT suitable MTG needed.

Stephen.veyo@siemens.com

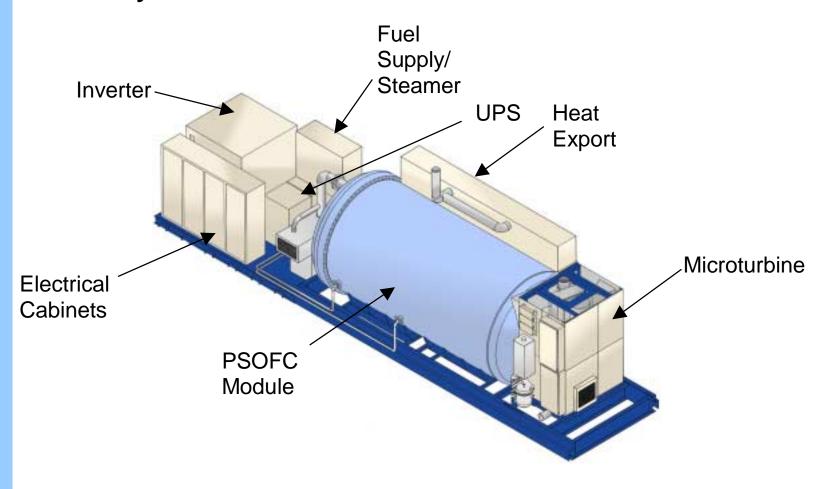


- Power Island
 - > Power Module
 - > Auxiliaries
- Power Module
 - > PSOFC
 - > MTG
 - ➤ Heat Export
- Auxiliary Skid
 - ➤ Power Conditioner
 - > Electricals
 - > UPS
 - > Fuel Supply
 - ➤ Steam Supply
- Dimensions
 - > L = 14 m
 - > W = 3.6 m
 - > H = 3.7 m
- AES SOFCs
 - > 3408
- Off Skid
 - ➤ NG Compressor
 - ➤ Desulfurizer

Stationary -Fuel Cells

April, 2002

PH550 System Power Island



©Siemens Westinghouse Power Corporation 2002 All Rights Reserved



PH550 Micro Turbine Generator

Nominal Performance Parameters

Air flow = 1.2 kg/s

PR = 3.6

TIT = 820 C

Power = 115 kWe



Gas Turbine Features for PSOFC/MTG Application

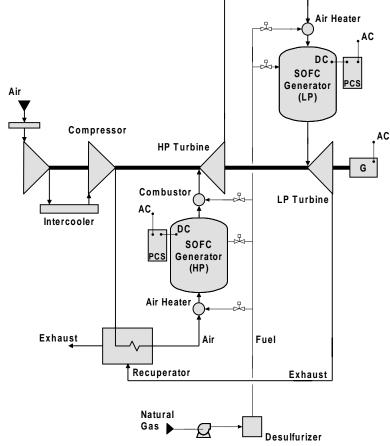
- **Turbine inlet temperature: 820°C < TIT < 950°C**
- Compressor pressure ratio: 3:1 < Pr < 4:1
- High-effectiveness recuperator: $\varepsilon > 90\%$
- High GT combustor inlet air temperature (820°C to 870°C)
- High reliability 8000 hours continuous operation.
- Wide combustor fuel flow modulation range 5% to 110%
- Variable high-speed alternator, with associated electronics.
- Never-seize shaft design.
- Close SOFC/MTG package integration.
- Continuous operation during loss-of-grid events.
- Turbine generator motoring capability.



Intercooled

- Recuperated
- Reheated
- SOFC
 - > High Pressure
 - > Low Pressure
- Max Temp
 - > 870°C
- PR = 7.1
- Efficiency
 - **> 70%**
- $\bullet \frac{\mathsf{SOFC}\,\mathsf{kWe}}{\mathsf{GT}\,\mathsf{kWe}} = 4$

SOFC Future Potential PSOFC/IRsofcR-GT Cycle ⇒ Higher Efficiency Air Heater





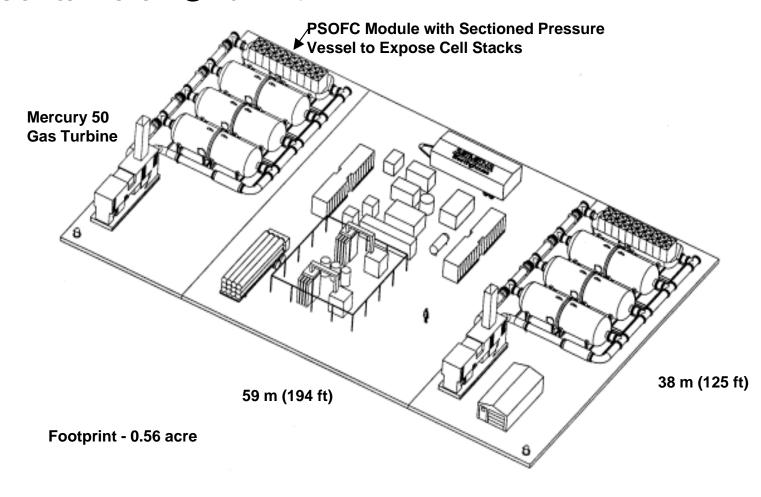
April, 2002

©Siemens Westinghouse Power Corporation 2002 All Rights Reserved



- Simple Cycle
- Fired ATS-GT
- TIT = 1160°C
- Mercury 50
- 12.3 MWe Power Block
- Efficiency60%
- Less \$/kWe

SOFC Future Potential PSOFC/ATS-GT @ 25 MWe



Stationary -Fuel Cells April, 2002



Summary of Tubular SOFC Hybrid Program Status

- The CHP250----Product in 2003/2004
- The PH200-----Proof-of-Concept, 1st iteration
 - The first PSOFC/GT hybrid
 - 2000 power generation hours
 - Indicated system efficiency--- 53%
 - Two shaft microturbine generator, oversized
- The PH300-----Proof-of-Concept, 2nd iteration
 - Startup in 2002
 - Single shaft microturbine generator
 - Expected efficiency > 55%
- The PH550-----Product in 2005 ??.....Needs an MTG
- The PH @ Multi MWe-----Product in 2007 ??.....Needs a GT
- The advanced cycles-----ATS-GT or IRR cycle...Needs a DOE funded development program for higher pressure SOFC stack and the GT.



Conclusions

- a) PH200 works, the first proof-of-concept.
- b) PH300 will be in the field in 2002, the second proof-of-concept.
- c) Simple PH cycle efficiency horizon is 60%.
- d) A suitable MTG for PH550 and higher capacity units awaits development.
- e) The GT for the PH is non exotic in material or features.
- f) The GT for the PH requires customization for cycle integration.
- g) SOFC PH with ATS-GT yields 60% efficiency at lesser cost (fewer fuel cells), BUT needs higher pressure SOFC stack development & ATS-GT.
- h) Integration with the Solar Mercury 50 ATS yields 12 MWe SOFC PH, technically feasible in 5 years if development is funded.
- i) IRsofcR PH cycle efficiency horizon is 70% at multi MWe capacity, BUT requires reheat GT and higher pressure SOFC stack development.



Emissions Comparison

Power System Type	Efficiency %	CO₂ kg/MWh	NOx g/MWh
CHP250 – Nominal Power	46	430	20 (1 ppm)
PH300 – Nominal Power	55	370	13 (1 ppm)
12 MWe PSOFC/ATS-GT Power System	60	340	40 (5 ppm)
20 MWe IRSOFCR Power System	67	300	6 (1 ppm)
MicroTurbine (< 100 kWe)	25	850	480 (9 ppm)
Conventional GT/ST Combined Cycle *	57	370	270 (25 ppm)
Advanced (ATS) GT/ST Combined Cycle *	60	350	90 (9 ppm)
Steam Turbine Power Plant (Coal) *	35	900	2300 (300 ppm)

^{*} Large Plants, 100s MWe